

# Comet astrometry made at the Skalnaté Pleso Observatory in the year 1989

J. Svoreň

*Astronomical Institute of the Slovak Academy of Sciences  
059 60 Tatranská Lomnica, The Slovak Republic*

Received: January 21, 1997

**Abstract.** The paper presents the results of position photographing of comets carried out at the Skalnaté Pleso Observatory in the year 1989. A total of 71 observations of 8 comets are given.

**Key words:** comets – astrometry

## 1. Introduction

The presented paper is a continuation of the previous papers which gave the results of positional observations of comets made at the Skalnaté Pleso Observatory (the last paper of this series: Svoreň; 1995) and contains positional comet observations made in the year 1989.

The observations were made with a 0.3-m f/5 Zeiss astrograph. The reduction constants of the Skalnaté Pleso astrograph are as follows:

$$\lambda = -1^h 20^m 58.70^s,$$

$$\varphi = +49^\circ 11' 20.0''$$

$$h = 1783 \text{ m m.s.l.}$$

$$\rho = 0.99836 \text{ of the equatorial radius of the Earth.}$$

The comets were photographed on ORWO plates with ZU 21 emulsion, dimensions 9x12 cm, which roughly correspond to field of  $3^\circ \times 4^\circ$ . The reference stars required to compute positions using Schlesinger's method of dependences, from two independent triangles were selected from the Star Catalog of the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory (1966). The differences between independent determination of the equatorial coordinates, given for each position, provide some information about the accuracy of the measuring (but not about the accuracy of the object position). The rectangular coordinates of the reference stars and the comets were measured with the aid of instrument for measuring coordinates produced by Zeiss (Ascoremat E-60).

A total of 71 accurate positions of 8 comets, arranged according to the new system designation of the comets, are given. The list of collaborators is given, together with their share in photographing, measuring and reducing the positions.

## 2. Conversion from eqn. B1950.0 to eqn. J2000.0

The reference stars were selected from the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory Star Catalog(1966). The positions were measured in B1950.0 system and then converted to J2000.0 following the formulas published by System Transition Committee of the IAU Commission 20 (Yeomans, 1990). Conversion from eqn. B1950.0 to eqn. J2000.0 is as follows:

Let  $\alpha_0$  and  $\delta_0$  are object's right ascension and declination referred to 1950.0 system. Then the calculated rectangular components of the object's position vector  $\mathbf{r}_0$  referred to 1950.0 system are:

$$r_{0x} = \cos\alpha_0 \cos\delta_0 \quad (1)$$

$$r_{0y} = \sin\alpha_0 \cos\delta_0 \quad (2)$$

$$r_{0z} = \sin\delta_0 \quad (3)$$

The astrographic position vector  $\mathbf{r}_1$  is formed to remove the effects of elliptical aberration:

$$r_{1x} = r_{0x} - A_x + B r_{0x} \quad (4)$$

$$r_{1y} = r_{0y} - A_y + B r_{0y} \quad (5)$$

$$r_{1z} = r_{0z} - A_z + B r_{0z} \quad (6)$$

where B is a scalar product of the vector transpose to  $\mathbf{r}_0$  and the vector  $\mathbf{A}$ , i.e.

$$B = r_{0x} A_x + r_{0y} A_y + r_{0z} A_z \quad (7)$$

and  $A_x, A_y, A_z$  are the rectangular components of the vector  $\mathbf{A}$ :

$$A_x = -1.62557 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$A_y = -0.31919 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$A_z = -0.13843 \times 10^{-6}$$

If the  $t$  is Julian time of the observation, then the Julian centuries from 1950 epoch to the observation time can be calculated as

$$T = (t - 2433282.423) / 36525 \quad (8)$$

The rectangular components of the object's position vector  $\mathbf{r}$  referred to 2000.0 system are:

$$r_x = X_x r_{1x} + X_y r_{1y} + X_z r_{1z} \quad (9)$$

$$r_y = Y_x r_{1x} + Y_y r_{1y} + Y_z r_{1z} \quad (10)$$

$$r_z = Z_x r_{1x} + Z_y r_{1y} + Z_z r_{1z} \quad (11)$$

where  $X_x, X_y, \dots, Z_z$  are the elements of the rotation matrix (Murray, 1989):

$$\begin{aligned} X_x &= +0.9999256794956877 - 0.0026455262 \times 10^{-6} T \\ X_y &= -0.0111814832204662 - 1.1539918689 \times 10^{-6} T \\ X_z &= -0.0048590038153592 + 2.1111346190 \times 10^{-6} T \\ Y_x &= +0.0111814832391717 + 1.1540628161 \times 10^{-6} T \\ Y_y &= +0.9999374848933135 - 0.0129042997 \times 10^{-6} T \\ Y_z &= -0.0000271625947142 + 0.0236021478 \times 10^{-6} T \\ Z_x &= +0.0048590037723143 - 2.1112979048 \times 10^{-6} T \\ Z_y &= -0.0000271702937440 - 0.0056024448 \times 10^{-6} T \\ Z_z &= +0.9999881946023742 + 0.0102587734 \times 10^{-6} T \end{aligned}$$

The coordinates  $\alpha, \delta$  in J2000.0 system are calculated using the expressions:

$$\alpha = \arctg \frac{r_y}{r_x} + 90. \left(1 - \frac{r_x}{|r_x|}\right) \quad (12)$$

$$\delta = \arctg \frac{r_z}{\sqrt{r_x^2 + r_y^2}} \quad (13)$$

### 3. Positions of comets

The data have been arranged according to individual comets. The individual columns of the table contain the following:

N - ordinal number of observation,

Date U.T. - date and time of the middle of the exposure,

$R.A_{.2000}$  - right ascension for equinox 2000.0 (in h,m,s),

$Decl_{.2000}$  - declination for equinox 2000.0 (in  $^{\circ}$ , ', ''),

T - the exposure time in minutes,

A - the difference between independent determinations of R.A. in arc seconds,

B - the difference between independent determinations of Decl. in arc seconds.

Note: N. 4 - position uncertain, N. 32 - poor guiding.

N	Date U.T.		$R.A_{.2000}$		$Decl_{.2000}$		T	A	B
Comet 23P/Brorsen-Metcalf									
1	1989	July	11.02361	0 50 48.11	+16 04 10.4	18	0.6	0.2	
2	1989	July	25.96435	2 16 22.51	+29 52 03.0	7	0.5	0.5	
3	1989	July	25.98171	2 16 31.26	+29 53 10.8	7	0.8	0.9	
4	1989	Aug.	2.93056	3 34 08.86	+37 40 54.1	4	1.0	1.4	
5	1989	Aug.	2.96181	3 34 30.58	+37 42 26.6	4	0.7	1.4	

N	Date U.T.		R.A. <sub>2000</sub>	Decl. <sub>2000</sub>	T	A	B
Comet 23P/Brorsen-Metcalf - cont.							
6	1989 Aug.	6.98299	4 24 15.71	+40 30 56.3	5	0.7	0.1
7	1989 Aug.	7.00764	4 24 34.52	+40 31 43.0	4	0.4	0.7
8	1989 Aug.	7.04861	4 25 06.94	+40 33 04.1	4	0.9	0.4
9	1989 Aug.	7.06250	4 25 17.46	+40 33 27.3	4	0.2	0.4
10	1989 Aug.	10.94306	5 17 20.56	+41 52 43.2	4	0.1	0.1
11	1989 Aug.	10.95208	5 17 27.91	+41 52 48.8	8	0.2	0.3
12	1989 Aug.	10.97072	5 17 42.99	+41 52 58.8	3	0.1	0.1
13	1989 Aug.	10.97708	5 17 48.21	+41 53 01.7	6	0.5	0.1
14	1989 Aug.	25.04491	8 01 21.01	+35 40 32.0	3	0.4	0.1
15	1989 Aug.	25.05127	8 01 24.59	+35 40 12.0	3	0.7	0.6
16	1989 Sep.	2.10937	9 02 23.59	+28 26 08.1	3	0.5	0.8
Comet 65P/Gunn							
17	1989 Mar.	7.00278	15 20 34.45	-10 07 10.7	26	0.1	0.7
18	1989 Mar.	7.12917	15 20 37.08	-10 07 19.4	26	0.1	0.4
Comet 78P/Gehrels 2							
19	1989 Nov.	3.03264	2 27 11.78	+13 49 13.8	50	0.1	0.1
20	1989 Nov.	3.09861	2 27 09.35	+13 48 47.5	50	0.3	0.3
Comet 93P/Lovas 1							
21	1989 Nov.	18.75486	7 12 48.63	+45 36 57.3	50	1.2	0.7
22	1989 Nov.	18.81944	7 12 51.30	+45 37 14.6	50	0.6	1.3
23	1989 Nov.	19.80208	7 13 30.23	+45 41 41.9	50	0.4	0.7
24	1989 Nov.	19.87708	7 13 33.02	+45 42 01.9	50	1.0	0.3
25	1989 Nov.	20.83750	7 14 07.55	+45 46 05.5	50	0.7	0.2
26	1989 Nov.	20.89861	7 14 09.18	+45 46 22.0	50	0.4	0.3
27	1989 Nov.	23.94595	7 15 35.58	+45 58 35.0	30	0.4	1.2
28	1989 Nov.	24.01100	7 15 36.83	+45 58 49.6	30	0.4	0.6
29	1989 Nov.	29.79931	7 16 45.86	+46 17 18.8	25	0.5	1.1
30	1989 Nov.	29.87865	7 16 46.12	+46 17 34.6	25	0.1	1.0
31	1989 Dec.	27.79641	6 59 46.47	+45 37 11.2	20	0.9	0.6
32	1989 Dec.	27.90081	6 59 40.36	+45 36 31.8	20	1.3	0.4
33	1989 Dec.	29.77593	6 57 51.35	+45 24 08.8	25	1.1	1.0
34	1989 Dec.	30.70081	6 56 58.05	+45 17 35.2	25	0.9	0.4
35	1989 Dec.	30.76250	6 56 54.45	+45 17 10.4	25	0.7	0.6
Comet C/1989 A1 (Yanaka)							
36	1989 Mar.	7.02917	15 18 08.36	+35 44 59.5	30	0.4	0.3
37	1989 Mar.	7.07986	15 18 09.77	+35 46 13.3	30	0.2	0.8
38	1989 Mar.	8.88056	15 19 03.40	+36 31 09.4	30	1.0	0.5
39	1989 Mar.	8.93547	15 19 04.85	+36 32 34.4	30	0.8	0.3

N	Date U.T.	R.A.2000	Decl.2000	T	A	B
Comet C/1989 Q1 (Okazaki-Levy-Rudenko)						
40	1989 Sep. 12.77274	15 01 49.60	+32 16 07.2	5	0.6	0.1
41	1989 Sep. 12.79340	15 01 48.00	+32 15 58.8	5	0.3	0.1
42	1989 Sep. 19.75903	14 53 55.35	+31 36 06.5	6	0.8	0.5
43	1989 Sep. 19.77465	14 53 54.18	+31 35 58.1	30	0.6	0.9
44	1989 Sep. 19.78889	14 53 53.47	+31 35 54.1	4	0.3	0.2
45	1989 Sep. 21.79236	14 51 46.01	+31 24 45.6	4	0.1	0.3
46	1989 Nov. 3.13576	13 55 15.18	+23 23 41.2	3	1.0	0.3
Comet C/1989 T1 (Helin-Roman-Alu)						
47	1989 Oct. 20.77454	22 40 30.16	+10 21 34.3	25	0.4	0.9
48	1989 Oct. 22.74780	22 29 45.54	+12 19 13.5	25	0.5	0.2
49	1989 Oct. 22.84063	22 29 14.94	+12 24 43.4	20	0.3	0.9
50	1989 Oct. 23.77593	22 24 11.77	+13 19 59.7	25	0.4	0.2
51	1989 Nov. 18.71806	20 31 05.16	+33 09 54.1	24	0.4	0.2
52	1989 Nov. 18.78958	20 30 51.00	+33 12 11.8	20	0.7	0.1
53	1989 Nov. 19.71806	20 27 52.53	+33 42 23.2	26	0.5	0.1
54	1989 Nov. 19.83403	20 27 30.10	+33 46 02.8	26	0.4	0.7
55	1989 Nov. 29.70035	19 59 00.98	+38 31 41.9	15	0.4	0.5
56	1989 Nov. 29.81736	19 58 42.59	+38 34 41.0	15	0.9	0.2
57	1989 Dec. 27.67731	18 52 17.23	+48 48 25.5	10	0.7	0.5
58	1989 Dec. 28.68038	18 49 54.68	+49 08 19.0	12	1.0	0.2
59	1989 Dec. 28.71887	18 49 49.38	+49 08 58.8	12	1.1	0.8
60	1989 Dec. 30.68287	18 45 08.65	+49 47 38.5	15	0.6	0.5
61	1989 Dec. 30.72581	18 45 01.93	+49 48 24.3	15	0.1	0.5
62	1989 Dec. 31.67940	18 42 44.49	+50 07 15.8	12	0.4	0.2
Comet C/1989 Y2 (McKenzie-Russell)						
63	1989 Dec. 27.81424	4 25 25.56	+1 17 53.1	20	0.7	1.0
64	1989 Dec. 27.87685	4 25 03.63	+1 17 06.1	20	0.6	0.7
65	1989 Dec. 28.78872	4 20 01.74	+1 05 28.3	22	0.9	1.1
66	1989 Dec. 28.81094	4 19 53.59	+1 05 09.8	22	0.4	1.1
67	1989 Dec. 29.74815	4 14 53.75	+0 53 43.9	22	0.4	0.2
68	1989 Dec. 29.79531	4 14 38.50	+0 53 10.2	22	0.2	0.5
69	1989 Dec. 30.74330	4 09 44.23	+0 42 20.2	20	0.9	0.1
70	1989 Dec. 30.78831	4 09 30.59	+0 41 46.0	20	0.9	0.2
71	1989 Dec. 31.72361	4 04 50.91	+0 31 32.7	22	0.4	0.6

#### 4. List of collaborators

Name	Exposures	Measurements	Reductions
J. Borošová	4	2	—
G. Červák	29	31	—
P. Rychtarčík	38	38	—
J. Svoreň	—	—	71

**Acknowledgements.** This work was supported, in part, by the Slovak Grant Agency for Science (grant No. 2/1050).

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